4.—Land Areas and	Density	of Population,	by	Province,	Decennial
	Censi	is Years 1921-5	1		

Province	Land	Population, 1921		Population, 1931		Population, 1941		Population, 1951	
or Territory	Area in Sq. Miles	Total	Per Sq. Mile	Total	Per Sq. Mile	Total	Per Sq. Mile	Total	Per Sq. Mile
	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.
Newfoundlandt. Prince Edward Island. Nova Scotia. New Brunswick. Quebec. Ontario. Manitoba. Saskatchowan. Alberta. British Columbia.	2,184 20,743 27,473 523,860	88,615 523,837 387,876 2,360,510 2,933,662 610,118 757,510 588,454	25·25 14·12 4·51 8·43 2·78 3·44 2·37	512,846 408,219 2,874,662 3,431,683 700,139 921,785 731,605	24·72 14·86 5·49 9·86 3·19 4·19 2·94	577, 962 457, 401 3,331,882 3,787,655 729,744 895,992 796,169	16.65 6.36 10.88 3.32 4.07 3.20	642,584 515,697 4,055,681 4,597,542 776,541 831,728 939,501	45.07 30.98 18.77 7.74 13.21 3.53 3.78 3.78
Canada (Exclusive of the Territories)	2,118,379	8,775,164	4.452	10,363,240	5.262	11,489,713	5.832	13,984,329	6 · 603
Yukon Territory Northwest Territories	205,346 1,253,438		0·02 0·01						
Canada	3,577,163	8,787,9494	2.565	10,376,786	3 · 035	11,506,655	3.365	14,009,429	3.923

¹ Includes Labrador.
² Calculated on the basis of 1,970,385 sq. miles which excludes the land area of Newfoundland.
³ Includes Newfoundland.
⁴ Total includes 485 members of the Royal Canadian Navy recorded separately in 1921.
⁵ Calculated on the basis of 3,429,169 sq. miles which excludes the land area of Newfoundland.

Section 4.—Rural and Urban Population

Before 1951, the population residing within the boundaries of all incorporated cities, towns and villages of a province was classified by the Census as urban and the remainder as rural. Since the laws governing incorporation vary among provinces there was no uniform line of demarcation between the rural and urban population throughout Canada. In the 1951 Census, the aggregate size of population within a given area rather than provincial legal status was the main criterion for the rural-urban classification. The population residing in cities, towns and villages of 1,000 or over, whether incorporated or unincorporated, as well as the population of all parts of census metropolitan areas was defined as urban and that outside such localities as rural.

Table 5 presents the rural and urban population, by province or territory, for 1951. The rural is further classified by farm and non-farm residence and the urban by size of locality.

5.—Rural Population classified by Farm and Non-farm, and Urban Population classified by Size Group, by Province, Census 1951

D 1		Rural		Urban					
Province or Territory	Farm ¹	Non- farm	Total	1,000 to 9,999	10,000 to 29,999	30,000 to 09,999	100,000 or Over	Total ²	
	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	
Newfoundland P. E. Island Nova Scotia New Brunswick Quebce Ontario Manitoba Saskatchewan Alberta British Columbia Yukon Territory N.W.T.	15,456 46,757 112,135 145,771 766,910 678,043 214,435 398,279 339,955 109,919	191, 165 26, 987 185, 618 154, 915 591, 453 668, 400 122, 526 180, 979 149, 871 261, 820 6, 458 13, 252	206, 621 73, 744 297, 753 300, 686 1, 358, 363 1, 346, 443 336, 961 579, 258 489, 826 371, 739 6, 502	8,798 166,121 86,906 750,436 714,343 93,965 86,379		116,906 50,779 247,548	 1,185,536	3,251,099	
Canada					1.492.137	1,466,848	3,362,521		

¹ Excludes 84,264 persons living on farms in localities classed as urban, metropolitan area parts with fewer than 1,000 population.